The consumption of a methamphetamine among teens as a new injury (case study of teens from the area of Tehran)

Introduction: In recent years and looking to expansion of the use of methamphetamine and some changes in the pattern of drug consumption from traditional materials to industrial materials, the consumption of methamphetamine increased among the youth people. By considering this fact, we encounter many cases of teenagers admitted to treatment centers, which seems that by decrease of the age of drug use and lessen the price of the drug this would change to a serious damage among teens in the coming years.

Objectives: We are analysing the demographic situation of the teen consumers of methamphetamine, we are trying to suggest some applied solutions for preventing and intervening teen consumers of the methamphetamine.

Research method: The method of this research is based on snowball data collection from. Data were collected by questionnaire and interviews with 14 people from the area of Tehran in 2012.

Result: The findings of this research showed the decrease in the age of the drug intake among the years old. Most of the interviewees just studied up to 13th grade and the sample group were from of them were still in secondary grade and they left studying due to family problems and just percent) of them had addicted parents, or 95% percent of the study population had some disorders that was their parents had divorced. Also, very important in their trends to drug use.

The results of this study showed that most of them have started using the drugs by their friends' emphasis. The analysis of the results shows multifactorial nature of the dependency to methamphetamine and in this respect the role of parental addiction, personality characteristics and easy access to the glass and consumer friends were more than other factors.

Conclusion: It seems that with the spread of drug use and an increase in the divorce rate in society, the age of drug consumption decreases and simultaneously the methamphetamine consumption increases amongadolescents. Most of the study group has been in the families with addiction background and it seems that this trend is on the rise.

Keywords: social damage, methamphetamine, addicted parents, divorce