Introduction: mother's positive characteristics are related to children's positive construct. Vitality is a positive construct that shows internal happiness. Therefore, many investigations have approved a reciprocal relation between vitality and social performance. One of the social performance aspects is communication with child. Thus, it is related to the mother's vitality and children's behavioral problem.

Objectives: The objective of this research was to investigate the reciprocal relationship between vitality and children's behavioral problems, conduct, hyperactivity, and communication with peers and emotional problems.

Method: The method of this research is descriptive. A total of 123 children (3-6 years old) participated in this research. Their mother answered the vitality questionnaire (Dessi, Rayan) and the Strengths and Difficulties Questionnaire (Parent form). Data were analyzed by Pearson's correlation coefficient.

Result: The results demonstrate a significant relationship between mother's vitality and children's behavioral problems (conduct, emotional behavior, communication with peers). However, there was no significant relationship between mother's vitality and hyperactivity.

Discussion: The results approved the hypothesis: if mother's vitality increases, therefore child problem increases (communication problem with peers, mother's vitality, children (3-6 years old).